

Name: _____

Period: _____

Part 2: The Classical Period – China

Answer the following in complete sentences:

1. What caused the development and rise of Confucianism? Which TWO causes do you feel are most important?
2. Describe the teachings and institutions of Confucianism, Daoism, and Legalism.
3. How did Chinese culture, particularly Confucian philosophy, support the political structure of the Empire?
4. What kinds of political problems was the development of bureaucracy in Han China meant to solve?
5. Why was China able to accept two different basic belief systems, Confucianism and Daoism?

Fill in the blanks:

6. A family of kings, called a _____, would rule over China during the classical period.
7. The Great Wall of China was built during the rule of First Emperor _____.
8. Under the Zhou Dynasty, China extended its territory to include the _____.
9. The most famous ruler of the Han Dynasty was _____.
10. Wu Ti set up a _____ for all those who wished to take the entrance exam for the state bureaucracy.
11. The period 402 – 201 BCE, during which the Zhou Dynasty disintegrated, is termed the _____.
12. During the Zhou Dynasty, _____ traveled through many parts of China preaching his ideas of political virtue and good government.
13. Confucian doctrine was recorded in a book called the _____.
14. During the Qin and Han periods, an alternate system of political thought called _____ sprang up in China.
15. Daoism was elaborated in fifth century China by the author _____.

Vocabulary:

- Confucian Five Relationships (p. 43)

- Filial Piety

- Ancestor worship

- Dynasty

- Scholar-gentry

- Legalism

- Daoism; Dao

- Secret Societies

- Yin-Yang